

MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. VI.—NO. 8.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM

BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

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Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc.
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Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

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D. R. F. SIZE, Surgeon Dentist.
Visits Moose Jaw for the practice of his profession on the 15th and 20th day of each month.
Satisfaction given both in workmanship and prices.
N.B.—Where above dates fall on Sunday, will visit the following Monday.

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Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. District Veterinary Inspector. Office, Opposite Wabie's Livery Stables, High street.

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Ordered work a specialty, all repairs made thoroughly, neatly and promptly. Prices low for CASH ONLY.
MAIN STREET, Moose Jaw.

F. O. F., Court Moose Jaw, No. 500, holds its regular meeting in Russell Hall, on the last Tuesday in each month, at 8 o'clock p.m. Every member is requested to attend.

Next regular meeting will be held on Tuesday, July 15th.
R. D. J. Christie, G.R., H. P. Dreyer, F.S.

WHOLESALE

Wine, Liquor and Cigar Store.

Only the finest brands of the most world-renowned makers, in both imported and domestic wines, liquors and beers kept in stock.

WE KEEP NO INFERIOR GOODS.

Write or call for prices.

TERMS—

SPOT CASH.

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Heart disease relieved in thirty minutes—All cases of organic or symptomatic heart disease relieved in 20 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose, one price. Sold by W. W. Hale.

SALE

Still going on.

GREAT RUSH THIS WEEK AT

T. W. ROBINSON'S.

Goods are going out very rapidly and people declare these are the best bargains they have ever seen.

DRESS GOODS.—Some good lines at almost half the regular price.

Flannelettes.—Take a look at our 7 cent line.

Black Skirt Lace \$1.50 per yd. for \$1.00.

Boy's shirts 50 cts for 30 cts., Men's shirts \$1.00 for 65 cts, 75 c. for 55 cts., Boy's pants, regular price \$1.00 for 50 cts., Men's overalls 50 cents, Men's Jumpers 50 cts., Men's canvas shoes clearing out at \$1.00, Men's light summer coats at \$1.25.

These are just a few quotations, take a look through the BARGAIN tables and see the inducements we are offering this week. Note the 25 and 50 cent windows.

One car of groceries to arrive this week, also one car of Flour, which will be sold for Cash only at

T. W. ROBINSON'S

I. M. CHALMERS

SEASONABLE GOODS FOR SUMMER.

In each department the above is complete.

Our stock of **BOOTS AND SHOES** is second to none. The growing tendency of our trade in this line is due direct to the Manufacturers. Those who wear McPherson's shoe once prefer no other; they are composed of excellent material, give good service, fit well and give the foot an appearance of neatness.

FRUITS IN SEASON.

In our Grocery Department we have added a new line, our purpose keeping all kinds of fruits in season. At present we have **St. Michael Oranges 35 cents per doz., Messina Lemon 50 cents per dozen, Bananas 40 cents, California Honey in Comb, Pie Plant, Cabbage, &c.**

I. M. Chalmers.

Furniture.

A splendid lot of oak sideboards, bedroom suits, and secretaries now in stock, also lounges, parlor suits, easy chairs, dining chairs, springs, cots, mattresses and all kinds of staple and fancy goods. Undertaker's supplies always on hand.

J. N. O. BELLAMY.

A FLYING TRIP.

THE TIMES MAN WAS SPYING OUT THE LAND.

In a Thirty Hours Excursion He Visits Stony Beach, Middel's, Nicolle's and Other Valley Ranches and Buffalo Lake Settlement.

On Friday morning a representative of THE TIMES was invited by Mr. O. B. Fysh to take a country drive. Mr. Fysh had business which necessitated a trip to the Valley of the Qu'Appelle; he offered to make a detour to show THE TIMES man the lay of the country, and the latter joyfully accepted the opportunity to secure a personal hand-shake with some of the "bone and sinew" of one of the loveliest and best settled districts in the wide North-West. He will give an account of the trip in his own fashion:

At five o'clock, rolling a bundle of last week's TIMES under the seat, we climbed up behind a span of free-stepping bays that it was a pleasure to be drawn by. The morning air could not have been more pleasant, the trail was perfect, and in three hours sat, having met and chatted a few minutes with Mr. E. Love on the way, we drove up to Mr. Doan's—Stoney Beach post office—having covered 24 miles. We sat in Mr. Doan's parlor for half an hour. Though an early visitor to the North-West, this gentleman has been a settler here for just four years. He has erected commodious and substantial residence and farm buildings; several sons also have places of their own in the neighborhood, with good structures and considerable cultivation thereon. Mr. Doan has possession of some 800 acres of land; two sons have 320 acres each, and three other boys have 160 acres apiece. Mr. Doan has in wheat this season 135 acres and in oats 40 acres; the two elder sons have each 40 and 20 acres of wheat and oats respectively. The Stoney Beach settlement can boast of a first rate brass band of eleven pieces, the senior Mr. Doan being the leader. The Stoney Beach postmaster is especially proud of the excellent spring water which is obtained at his very door.

Turning westward, we drove past Mr. Love's farm, on which there is a large acreage of crop. Proceeding, we came to Mr. R. Porter's and discovered the Messrs Porter, senior and junior, in the act of irrigating a potato patch. On this farm there are 80 acres of wheat crop and 46 of oats.

Further west we met Mr. Andrew Hagerty, who was turning over summer-fallow with four horses abreast on a gang plow. Mr. Hagerty has 120 acres under crop.

Turning northward we passed a magnificent field of wheat belonging to Mr. Joseph Young. That gentleman met us at his door. He professed himself as entirely pleased with the policy of THE TIMES, his only cause for displeasure being that he could not spare time to stop with him for dinner. Mr. Young, with his sons, possesses about 500 acres of land, the greater part of which is this year under crop. Like most of the men of the settlement he combines ranching and dairying with farming; he has 20 milch cows, a herd of 40 cattle and a band of 16 horses.

Further north we met William, a son of Mr. Joe Young, and shortly afterwards Mr. B. Fawcett. The latter has in crop 35 acres of wheat and 12 acres of oats.

At 11:30 we reached the charming retreat in Qu'Appelle Valley of Mr. Wm. Riddell, where we dined. Entirely screened from observation from the outside by lofty hills and thick bluffs, this is as cozy a nook as could be imagined. Substantial service hung in superabundance in the surrounding bushes. Never-failing springs of pure water flow from the hillside. Mr. Riddell is this year making extensive improvements, having under way a new stone stable, and also a stone mill house measuring 16x20 feet; the masonry work on which is being done by a local artist in this line.

After allowing the horses a rest of four hours, we started afresh, crossing the Qu'Appelle and proceeding westward through the valley, passing the ranches of Messrs. Harrison, Thomas, F. B. Thompson, McElroy, Sylvain and Alex. Nicolle. The majority of the valley ranchmen now from 25 to 75 acres of grain as a side issue. Mr. Harrison has in 30 and Mr. Thompson 50 acres this season. The latter has a herd of 20 cattle including this year's calves

At Mr. Nicolle's, whose location is a beautiful one, we found in course of construction what is to be undoubtedly the most stupendous farm building in the Territories. It is a stone stable no less than 170 feet long by 51 feet wide; the walls will be 14 feet high, three feet thick at the base and tapering to two feet at the top. The site for this mammoth barn has been excavated in the side of a hill, so that on the south west and north sides wintry winds will be excluded not only by stone walls but by solid earth as well; on the east side there is the shelter of the bluffs. The tracings of the stable show that at either end partitions will be made for calf pens about 50 feet square; adjoining these there will be the cattle pens and the centre will be used for horses. Mr. Nicolle intends putting in the loft of this structure this year one hundred tons of hay. With his flocks and herds housed in this fortress and such a store of the ammunitions of life at command, he may laugh at the most blinding snow storms and wildest blizzards that blow down the valley next winter. The architect of the stable was Mr. McMillan, who has also the charge of its construction. On Friday the work was about half completed; that half formed a magnificent pile of masonry. As building stone abounds in the vicinity and the lime was burnt on the ground, the work can be carried on comparatively cheaply; the only cash outlay is for labor. Mr. Nicolle's stone barn will in all likelihood stand for centuries as a monument to the enterprise and thrift of that gentleman.

Mr. Geo. Sylvain has 200 acres in crop, 125 of wheat and the balance in oats and barley.

After catching a glimpse of the sheet of water called Buffalo Lake—the head water of the Qu'Appelle river—we wound up a picturesque trail leading out of the Valley, and found ourselves on the Buffalo Lake plateau. Arriving at the farm of Mr. Moffat, Sr., we were met by Mr. Moffat's hospitable board, in whom we encountered a former Winnipeg acquaintance and warm friend; then pushed on to the homestead of Mr. Hugh Gilmour, Jr., where the youth of Buffalo Lake were congregated to practice the game at which they have become so proficient, and where also the Buffalo Lake Patrons' lodge meetings are held. A lively practice game of football was in progress, in which Mr. Fysh joined for the amusement of the boys and the edification of the spectators.

We camped with Mr. Gilmour for the night. On Saturday morning we visited the garden grove of Mr. Chas. Rigney and were shown the trees, shrubs, vegetable and flower beds by Mr. Rigney, Sr. All showed evidence of good horticultural skill and careful attention. His experiments in the tree line with ash, poplar, willow, maple, etc., are proving entirely successful.

After making a detour towards the Marlboro settlement, we got back into the main trail and reached town at 11:30 on Saturday morning.

An opinion as to the crop prospect will naturally be looked for from THE TIMES man. And speaking honestly, it is difficult to form a settled opinion at this juncture. Excepting a few patches, all the fields in the Stoney Beach settlement and at Buffalo Lake appeared healthy and promising, and the majority of the farmers with whom we met seemed confident that if rain came within a week a fair harvest would result. We assured everyone that the Twelfth was certain to bring rain, but that prediction has not been fulfilled. So at present the outlook is not reassuring. Probably the best field of wheat in the whole district is one that was sown late fall, as an experiment, by Mr. H. C. Gilmour. One feature which cannot fail to favorably impress the visitor in Moose Jaw District is the neat and commodious residences which the majority of the people occupy. Were there only a few strags of forest scattered about, it would seem as if a township of Ontario farms had been planted in the North West.

Round the World.
The steamship "Mowara" will leave Southampton about August 27th, 1894 on her special tour around the world, mention of which has been already made in these columns. This will give tourists the opportunity of visiting five continents, Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America, crossing the latter by the Canadian Pacific Railway. The extremely low rate, \$510.00, named for this trip should induce a large number of people to take advantage of it. See further particulars apply to any C.P.R. Agent, or to Robert Kerr, General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg.

REGINA LETTER.

THE PATRONS OF INDEPENDENT PAPER ON THE PRINCIPLE.

Independent Papers Strongly Endorsed by the Regina County Association—Crops in the North.

REGINA, July 10.—Dr. J. M. Cameron, government veterinary inspector, returned on Saturday last after a fortnight's tour of inspection of horses in the Prince Albert district, it having been reported that glanders is prevalent. The Doctor did not feel at liberty to say anything on this subject, but he gives a glowing account of the crop prospects. He was at Carleton Place, Sturgeon Lake, Carleton Place, and elsewhere, and everywhere found the country looking remarkably well. There had been an abundance of rain, and the indications of a bountiful harvest are splendid. The Saskatchewan river and tributaries are higher than ever previously known and in several places the ferry services were temporarily suspended.

A new fire hall is to be erected here at a cost of \$2,775. The contractors are Symonds and Evans.

The Crapper brothers, well known in your town, recently suffered the loss of their mother who died at Wyoming, Ont. Mr. Fred Crapper arrived there in time for the funeral.

Examinations of candidates' papers will be held here next week for promotion from third to fourth standards, entrance to high school, and of teachers' third, second and first class certificates. In the examination of the papers the Council of Education has, as was done last year, considered the assistance of a number of university graduates and teachers holding first class certificates.

Speaking of the school examinations, Cameron reminded that there appears to have been very considerable dissatisfaction with the order of the examinations under the age of sixteen entering the examinations for certificates. I have heard this matter discussed by several of the parents recently, including a prominent resident, your town, Mr. H. H. Gilmour, who is a C.P.R. It is contended that while it may be wise, as provided by the School Ordinance, that no person under the age of eighteen should be permitted to teach, it is unfair to children of the age of fifteen, who have already been a year in the high school and have all other qualifications, to be debarred from trying for a third class certificate. It is held that this class of pupils, and there were many this year, not having any previous knowledge of the subject, are at a disadvantage, and the main incentives to study, with some this, with consequent break or delay in promotion, will be productive of carelessness, weaken their interest in their work, and in some cases result in the abandonment of studies which under other circumstances would be persevered in. Doubtless Mr. Gilmour can give sufficient explanation of the reason of the regulation, but, pending this explanation, it is deemed expedient to suspend the examinations of pupils, especially, to be brought, to a certain extent to a standstill as a period the direction of which will be very materially affected by the future.

Mr. Doyle, who was C.P.R. K.W. M. President to Moose Jaw on Sunday last, members of the North-West Legislative Assembly have been notified to be here on the second proximo.

The Patriotic picnic at Antelope's springs on last Friday was largely attended and in every respect a grand success. Speeches were made by the president, Mr. J. A. Bole, father of your popular townsmen, Mr. Walter Bole, and by Messrs J. Robertson, J. Nichols, D. F. Jolly, M. A. and J. M. McManis, editor of The Standard. There were pony races, foot ball and other games, and dancing was indulged in until midnight. A striking proof of the marvellous change of sentiment respecting patriots that has swept over the territory during the past few months, is the following resolution, which was unanimously passed at a session held during the day of the County Association, and which speaks for itself:

"Whereas this association is impressed with the vast importance to the welfare of the country, and the salutary effect of an independent Press on the public mind; and considering the degrading influence of the extreme partisan press of the present day; and considering the necessity of securing a press which will give the people the truth, and the right of the wrong of any public question, and by deprecating every attempt to instill a party spirit; and for the sake of their welfare, being in most instances pampered and fed by bribery, disloyalty or indirect aid of the hands of governments and party politicians; And whereas the manner in which the party papers vie with each other in ways that are dark and tricky, and are only to be maintained by designing and unprincipled politicians whose sole aim is to keep themselves and their party in power, thereby giving rise to party spirit, and thus live in opinion and luxury while keeping the masses in poverty and depression;

And whereas it becomes us as citizens to express our sentiments in this matter and to contribute to the welfare of the country, the many, honorable and conscientious action of any journalist who takes an independent course is politics;

Resolved therefore, that we tender our most sincere thanks to the Editor of The Standard for the unbiased and unpartisan manner in which he has given our principles and platform and for his candid criticism of the same from a standpoint of right and justice; And we express the hope that other newspapers throughout the length and breadth of the land may emulate the noble example and independence of The Standard.

We also recommend that every member of our order and every citizen who is a lover of truth should support by his subscription to our country and the independent press only.

C. A. B.

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

WALTER SCOTT, Editor and Proprietor.
Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 line, will be inserted for 50¢; subsequent lines 25¢ each.
All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments, and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 10¢ per line; subsequent insertions 5¢—solid nonpareil measurement.

JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ—
Would it were worthier!"—Byron.

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894.

FIRE PATROLS URGENTLY REQUIRED.

The attention of the Mounted Police authorities is earnestly directed to the urgent call for protection from prairie fires made by Mr. Chas. Nicolle, whose short and pointed communication appears in another column. The prairie fire question has been so thoroughly threshed out in this locality by members of the Moose Jaw Board of Trade and other well-informed gentlemen, that it is needless to enlarge upon the evils incident upon their prevalence. The sacrifice of inestimable quantities of valuable fodder and at times of the settler's home and the product of his labors is one very direct and evident result of the fire. The belief is rapidly becoming universal that extensive prairie fires form an indirect menace to the prosperity of the community by inducing drought.

Strong efforts have been and are being made to strike at the source of the evil—to prevent the starting of fires. But with governments and "soulless corporations" to work with and through, this is necessarily a tedious and a not exceedingly hopeful task. The very least the authorities can do, and which in all reason they are bound to do, is to use every possible means to prevent the spread of the fires. The most feasible and in fact the only obvious means at the immediate disposal of the government is the North-West Mounted Police force. One member of the force only is stationed in Moose Jaw (including the District) at the present time. One man in an area more than thirty miles square might be likened to a needle in a haystack. When "Don" of Saturday Night, becomes thoroughly conversant with all the phases of the prairie fire question and of the immense saving that a perfect fire patrol would effect in the North-West, we are confident that he will no more be heard advocating the abolition or reduction of the police force.

THE AWFUL STRIKE.

The awful strike caused by the determined denial by Geo. M. Pullman of justice to his employees, is culminating in scenes of riot and bloodshed at Chicago. Amid the bitterness and passionate feeling caused by the lawless proceedings of the less thoughtful among the strikers, we are apt to forget the principle which precipitated the strike. As an employer Pullman charged exorbitant rents for his houses, and tacked on extra prices for gas and water; at the same time he was reducing wages lower and lower. Men who did not choose to live in Pullman's houses, suddenly found themselves no longer in his employ. He stubbornly refused to arbitrate the differences between himself and his employees. Six hundred of his men struck, and he locked out the remaining six hundred who were willing to continue working under his despotic rule. Pullman's employees are members of the American Railway Union. President Debs of the Union asked the various railroads which draw Pullman's cars, to cease handling those cars until the dispute was dealt justly by his men. The railroads refused and a general strike was ordered and effected.

Whether President Debs is right or wrong, viewed calmly, the action of the thousands of men—in face of direct threats by the employing railway corporations—in face of the certain want and intense misery inevitable in a long struggle—leaving their work and regular wages for sake of the principle that justice should be dealt to twelve hundred atoms of humanity in a Chicago suburb, is a noble spectacle. And whether President Debs is right or wrong, we believe that the sympathies of the great mass of the people of both Canada and the United States are with the strikers.

While the acts of the lawless mob in Chicago are to be deplored, we, who live where three meals a day are always obtainable, can form little conception of the dire conditions which are the main spring of the rioting and pillaging. Hungry changes man into a wolf. The laborer adjudges the railway corporations as his tyrants. With men even in ordinary conditions, revenge for injury is the first instinct. With the desperate man the craving for revenge becomes a ruling principle. The Chicago mobs are more to be pitied than blamed.

CONCERNING OUR COTTON.

The Chronicle states that Mr. J. N. McDonald is not peculiarly interested in that paper. THE TIMES is pleased to note the fact, for a general impression prevailed in town that the case was otherwise, and as we believe Mr. McDonald is under a twenty-year agreement to steer clear of the Moose Jaw journalistic field, the suspicion was not flattering to that gentleman. We are glad to be able to add weight to the statement, having had it from Mr. McDonald's own lips that he had made an agreement of sale of his interest in the plant to Mr. Watkins.

But The Chronicle's assertion is peculiarly sweeping. It says, "Mr. McDonald has no interest of any kind in this paper or in its plant, direct or indirect." Viewed in the light of another statement by Mr. McDonald, that he is doing editorial work—that he in fact wrote an introductory article for The Chronicle which unfortunately was late in arriving and had to be displaced by one locally compiled—this broad denial will have to be taken with the proverbial grain of salt.

The Chronicle takes further space to say that it has not caused the competition in the newspaper line at Moose Jaw. As THE TIMES was not and is not complaining of competition, the statement is superfluous. More than that it is surely mendacious. It is a statement so utterly absurd, as scarcely to require contradiction. When arrangements were made to transplant The Chronicle in Moose Jaw, Mr. Lang was publishing THE TIMES. Mr. Watkins came with the openly avowed intention of forcing THE TIMES to the wall. How did he purpose accomplishing this except by competition?

The Chronicle states, "we were here with our plant before THE TIMES changed hands," which is not a strictly truthful assertion. THE TIMES had passed from the control of the previous owner—"had changed hands"—before Mr. Watkins arrived with his plant. It may be stated that the present proprietor had been negotiating for the purchase of THE TIMES for some months, and in fact was under a semi-binding agreement to buy since early in May of this year. That he finally acquired it simultaneously with the transplanting of The Chronicle was simply a coincidence, which does not relieve the latter from the onus of creating competition. With competition our contemporary formed a painful acquaintance in Virden; the more protracted its livelihood is in Moose Jaw, the more familiar will that acquaintance-ship become.

THE "PATRON" RIDDLE.

Partisans of the Old School cannot understand the position of the Patrons in Ontario. They cannot conceive of a body of men spending time and money and energy in politics, through devotion to principle and not in pursuit of office. The Patron leaders have declared that it is not their purpose to take possession of the machinery of government, but to compel the men who officer the machine to spend public money with farm economy, and do justice generally to the farming class.

Hence, it is absurd to contend that the Patrons cannot be in power in Ontario—so far as the errand of their

order is concerned—without being in office. An appeal to the country is not professedly a begging expedition for office, but an invitation for the people to declare their preference for this or that on the other line of policy. A large segment of the farming population of Ontario—surprisingly large when the brevity of the educational campaign is remembered—have decided for the policy contained in the Patron's programme; and it looks as if the balance of parties would enable these men to compel the government of the day, of whatever political complexion, to put this policy into force at once. The Patrons want certain reforms and the people have endorsed their demand. Let Sir Oliver grant them or make way for some one who will.

The people have spoken. They like the Patron movement and they don't care who knows it. They like, too, the government of Sir Oliver Mowat; but they think he should pay more attention to the opinions of the people. The electors have done their duty and it is now the task of the politicians to interpret the result. The Government, if it simply recognizes circumstances at the outset, will be able to pursue a steady and firm policy, treating Patron issues on Patron lines. A victorious independent force in politics is, to some extent, a new thing, but the patriots may as well get used to it.—Montreal Star.

TO ENCOURAGE PERPETUAL OPPOSITIONS.

While an Opposition which begins to fear that its spot is a permanency, may feel that its labors are not adequately appreciated, it is none the less true that a country has reason to be grateful to a live and watchful Opposition. Mr. Meredith, for instance, has never sat to the right of the Speaker in the Ontario Legislature; but it is universally conceded that his services have been of great value to the province. During the years that Mr. Blake sat opposite Sir John Macdonald he was perpetually rendering services to the country for which, under our system of government, it was impossible that he should be shown public appreciation.

It is certainly unfortunate that no means exists by which the people may encourage an Opposition, short of turning out a Government for its sake. It is hard to feed upon hope, and it is harder still to feed upon hopelessness; and yet, save the satisfaction of conscious, though often disputed, patriotism, what is there to offer a man like a Meredith or like a Blake tilting hopelessly with a Macdonald? To say that the service of eminent lawyers, such as both those gentlemen are, have been worth nothing to the country, is to talk nonsense. Yet what is to be done? Here is a problem for the political expert. Let him devise some means of encouraging an Opposition beaten down by a series of defeats. That such encouragement is needed can be discerned by comparing the shallow quality of the following of Mr. Meredith with the superabundance of talent ready to serve behind Sir John Thompson, or by contrasting Mr. Laurier's guard with the regiment of the Mowats, Hardys, Rosses and Awerys, of Fieldings, Blairs and Greenways, to be found in the Provincial Legislatures to the right of the Speaker.—Montreal Star.

CAN WE GROW CLOVER?

The following clipped from The Bulletin is of interest to the farmer and rancher:—

"Now it is known that timothy will grow well and profitably in the Edmonton district, the question is often asked will not clover do well also? In reply to that question it may be mentioned that in '88 or '89 J. Knowles, now of Mount Pleasant, had then of Fraser avenue, sowed white clover in his garden which grew every year without further seeding while he remained in occupation of the place. Mr. Knowles removed from Fraser avenue in the winter of 1891 and 1892 and the garden has been uncultivated since. The clover has continued growing ever since. In 1892 Fraser avenue was graded and now there are several bunches of white clover growing on the side of the grade close to the wheel track. These bunches are not only growing without cultivation or protection but must have been seeded without human assistance from the clover growing in the garden adjoining. This does not prove that clover will do well as a field crop, but it goes far enough in this direction to warrant a series of thorough experiments on the part of practical farmers.

WILL THE CHRONICLE RECI-PROCATE AGAIN?

THE TIMES would be callous indeed were it otherwise than sensibly touched and pleased at the kindly reception accorded its new management by the Territorial and Manitoba press. An usual custom in these circumstances is for the journal under discussion to reproduce the complimentary comments. It may be that a continued occupancy of the editorial chair will wear the keen edge off our modesty, but certain it is that as yet it would cause us a perpetual blush to print the many and delightfully pointed personal remarks with which our first number was greeted. At the same time we are sincerely grateful for the kind expressions.

But that these incentives to earnest and painstaking work may not be lost to the people of Moose Jaw and vicinity we have a proposition to make to our esteemed contemporary down street. It is that THE TIMES will reproduce newspaper references to The Chronicle, in return for which the latter may do the same for THE TIMES. The promptitude with which Editor Watkins "reciprocated" in the matter of our brotherly salutation to him, encourages us to hope that he will not be less hasty to "reciprocate" in this regard. That the references to The Chronicle are not many nor voluminous cannot be charged to our lack of earnestness in searching for them; we looked diligently and found the following:—

THE LEADER (Regina): The Moose Jaw Chronicle, an eight page six column paper (which is stretching it one) edited and published by Mr. J. F. Watkins, late of the Virden Chronicle, is neatly printed on a cylinder press and is well filled with local and other interesting news items. In politics it is Conservative and will devote a large part of its energies to advertising the resources and advantages of the town and district of Moose Jaw.

THE VIBRANT (Fort Qu'Appelle): The Moose Jaw Chronicle is the latest ven-ue in the newspaper line in the Territories. The venture some proprietor will, no doubt, find that there will be no more room for two papers there than there is in Virden, Man., though the set up is very good, and it (the Chronicle) looks hearty enough at present.

MOOSEJAW SPECTATOR: (A successful career is predicted for THE TIMES.) THE TIMES will not have everything its own way however, as a new paper has appeared in the field, The Chronicle, which has removed to the railway town from Virden and is managed by Mr. Watkins, a former resident of Moose Jaw. It is now a question of who will "stay with it" the longest.

EDMONTON BULLETIN: The Moose Jaw Chronicle, No. 1, Vol. 1, is to hand, J. F. Watkins editor. Moose Jaw is now blessed with two weekly newspapers.

MEDICINE HAT NEWS: If one may judge by the initial copy of (THE TIMES) it will more than hold its own, even against its rival, the Virden Transcript.

THE STANDARD (Regina): The Virden Chronicle has been transplanted to Moose Jaw. Having learned by experience that two papers could not flourish in Manitoba's western town it pays Moose Jaw the compliment of another experiment. It disavows independence, and in taking sides is careful not to be "against the Government" this time. Since it thus admits its dependence we venture to remind it that to put one's "trust in prices" is recorded as safely. Its first number presents a very good appearance.

PARKHURST'S GREAT WORK.

The result of the investigations into the state of government of New York city, made necessary by the agitation of Dr. Parkhurst, fully sustains the allegations made by that reverend gentleman, and those of his cloth who at first deprecated his action are now num. A New York correspondent writes:—

No wonder they grew suddenly rich; no wonder they built themselves fine houses, kept race horses and yachts, and had all good things of earth. Entrenched behind such a power—with gold unlimited at their command, in unearthing all the villainy the work of the committee seems wonderful. In these days we hear little about Dr. Parkhurst. Of course we do not expect to hear praise of his work from the criminals he has exposed and the rascals whose incomes he has destroyed. Then there were not a few clergymen who were loud in their reprobation of his action, which, they thought unworthy of a minister's attention, and they thought if he attended to his congregation he would have enough to do. It is fortunate for New York

that it has a priest like Dr. Parkhurst brave as a lion, with a character that his bitterness can never be able to smother; positive in his hard work, and with a will of iron. No other man, unless equipped as he is equipped, backed as he is backed, and trusted as he is trusted, could ever have successfully performed his work.

The Grand Board of the Patrons of Industry held their first session in Toronto last week. President Mallory said: "We are satisfied; we hold the balance of power. That is all we wish. We have no desire for political honors or reward for political hard work; we are working for the betterment of the country, and we are successful in the position which we now occupy. We are not going to enter into a coalition with any party. We were not especially formed to defend the Government. We did not fight the contest in hostility to Mowat. We ask of him certain reforms; if he does not satisfy us we can vote him down."

We would respectfully draw the attention of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council to the fact that The Chronicle was not informed that the Moose Jaw Electoral District had been created a Registration District. Ordinarily newspapers are left to gain this and all other sorts of intelligence by the best means within their power; when they fail, it is usually decreed that they have been "scooped." But as by its own admission The Chronicle is not endowed with the "nose for news," it were well for His Honor and his advisers that they allow not this thing to occur again.

This is evidently an age of progress among the churches as well as in secular affairs, and the Rev. Mr. Job, of North Middleboro, Mass., is considered by the people of that town as an up-to-date pastor. He has fitted up a room in the steeple of the church as a playroom for babies, who are cared for by volunteer nurses during services in the auditorium, and the mothers in his flock can no longer remain away from church on the plea that they must care for their children.

The Old Jackdaw (in the Virden Advance) sincerely hopes The Chronicle does not mean what it says when it states "our chief work will be found to lie outside of politics," as there are already too many liars both in and out of politics.

Herbert Gladstone, who has come to the fore in the political world since his father's resignation, is intensely fond of the violin. He devotes an hour every morning to practice whether he is in town or country.

The Ontario election war is scarcely yet ended. Archbishop Clary and Principal Grant are quarreling, each attempting to saddle upon the other the blame for Mr. Hart's defeat in Kingston.

The Regina town council will appropriate \$10,000 for the erection of buildings for the Territorial Exhibition in 1895.

R. Bogue,

Hardware,

Tinware,

Groceries,

Flour and Feed,

Dry Goods, Ready made,

Clothing, Boots and Shoes.

BARGAINS

In Crockery and Glassware, Laugan's Spectacles & Sewing Machines.

Special low prices for Cash.

R. BOGUE.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

To Toronto, Montreal, New York and all points east.

To Vancouver, Victoria, Tacoma, San Francisco and Pacific Coast Ports.

AUSTRALIA FROM VANCOUVER.

S.S. Warrimoo..... July 16.
S.S. Arara..... Aug. 15.

CHINA AND JAPAN FROM VANCOUVER.

Empress of China..... July 16.
Empress of India..... Aug. 6.
Empress of Japan..... Aug. 27.

LAKE STEAMERS.

From Port William.
Albera..... Tuesday
Athabasca..... Saturday
Connecting Trains from Moose Jaw Sundays and Thursdays at 22:00 o'clock.

For full information apply to:
J. K. STEVENSON,
Agent Moose Jaw, or to
ROBERT KERR,
General Passenger Agent.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

The Cheapest and Quickest ROUTE

TO THE OLD COUNTRY!

SAILING DATES.

FROM MONTREAL.
Sardinian—Allan Line..... July 14.
Laurentian—Allan Line..... July 21.
Toronto—Dominion Line..... July 18.
Vancouver—Dominion Line..... July 22.
Lake Huron—Heaver Line..... July 11.
Lake Ontario—Heaver Line..... July 19.

FROM NEW YORK.
New York—American Line..... July 11.
Paris—American Line..... July 18.
Majestic—White Star Line..... July 11.
Germanic—White Star Line..... July 18.
Purissima—Anchor Line..... July 14.
Anchor—Anchor Line..... July 21.
State of Nebraska..... July 20.
State of California..... Aug. 3.
Cabin, \$40, \$45, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80.
Intermediate, \$30; Steerage \$24.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland and at special low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.

Apply to nearest Railway or Steamship Agent, or
J. K. STEVENSON, Agent,
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NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

The Popular Route

TO ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS.

AND

CHICAGO

And all points in the United States and Canada; also the Kootenai Gold Mines.

OR

Pullman Palace Vestibuled Sleeping and Dining Cars

ON EXPRESS TRAINS DAILY TO

TORONTO, MONTREAL, Etc.

and all points in Eastern Canada, via St. Paul and Chicago.

An opportunity to pass through the celebrated St. Clair Tunnel. Baggage is checked through in bond and there is no customs examination.

OCEAN PASSAGES.

And berth secured to and from Great Britain, Europe, China, and Japan. All first-class steamship lines are represented.

Great Transcontinental Route to the Pacific Coast.

For tickets and other information apply to Chas. S. Fox, General Passenger Agent, at St. Paul, St. Louis, St. Omaha, general agent, Winnipeg.

El J. BULLIS,
Ticket Agent, 424 Main St., Winnipeg.

The Delegation Report.

We publish by request the report of the delegation sent to Ottawa in connection with the dam scheme:—

TO THE MAYOR AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF TRADE.

Gentlemen:—

In accordance with the provisions made by the Town Council and the Board of Trade, to place before the Government at Ottawa, and the C.P.R. managers at Montreal, through delegates, a matter of great importance to the town and district, your delegates appointed at a meeting of the Board of Trade in May last, proceeded to Ottawa on the 10th of that month. On our arrival there, that question which had been uppermost in the public mind for some time—the building of a dam for power and water purposes—received our immediate attention with Mr. Davis. We looked through all the files of the Interior Department relating to Townships. There we discovered that the sum of \$144,000 had been realized by the Trustees of Townships, for the sale of lands within the municipality, that no account had been rendered of the expenses in connection with the different sites, but that charges had been submitted to the Government in one bulk item.

We also found that all moneys are retained by the Trustees in trust, and that an account or statement only is submitted each year. With this information at our disposal, we made arrangements for an interview with the Minister of the Interior. That interview was a very satisfactory one. Mr. Daly assured us, that we might depend on him to further our interest in every way. He made suggestions as to the need of securing the co-operation of the C.P.R. and agreed to, at once, open up negotiations with that company looking to the advancement of our plans. Mr. Daly agreed with our contention, that although the sum asked for, namely \$50,000, looked large, the benefit that would accrue to the township trust and country generally should warrant the outlay.

After some little delay we were favored with an interview by the Premier, Mr. John Thompson. Our scheme was presented to him in its every phase. He agreed to give favorable consideration upon satisfactory evidence that the undertaking was as we represented, and further agreed to send during the summer season two persons, under the direction of the Public Works Department, as would supply the Government with the evidence they required.

Mr. John suggested our seeing Sir W. C. Van Horne about the matter and he felt confident that the C.P.R. would assist in the undertaking.

We then interviewed the Minister of Public Works, the Hon. Mr. Oimett. He assured us that inquiries would be made during the present season. We left with the department the plan from which they would take a tracing. We then proceeded to Montreal and had a lengthy interview with the President of the C.P.R. Company, with him we must admit we were not successful to any great extent, that is so far as our River scheme is concerned. He assured us the C.P.R. would, in the near future, make very valuable improvements by way of a new station and Dining Hall. He promised to consider the coal raised with a view of putting it on a more equitable footing. In connection with our River scheme, we would agree to do was that a C.P.R. engineer would look into the matter and make a survey of the river.

We returned to Ottawa, had an interview with Mr. Daly and again received assurance that nothing would be neglected by him which would further our undertaking, one which he was sure would be of great value to the Town and District, the benefits of which would also be felt over the whole North-West.

Other matters of great importance were brought to the attention of the Ministers, the most important that of private fire. As to these matters we will take the liberty of making a verbal report.

We wish to thank Mr. Davis, our local member, on behalf of the district, for the many kindnesses received when on our mission to the Capital.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JAMES H. ROSS,
THOMAS B. RAYNER.

One of Many.

To the south-west of Moose Jaw about seven miles, Mr. J. G. Read has purchased a C.P.R. section and embarked in the ranching and dairying business. Mr. Read was at one time a prominent citizen of Ottawa, but finding that district rather cramped for the needs of a growing family he concluded to try his fortune in the North-West. The neighborhood where he at present resides is among the earliest settlements, but strange to say the particular spot selected by him (to use his own words) "must have been kept waiting." His house, dairy and ranch buildings are located in a large corner running from north to south, an abundant supply of water being furnished by a never-failing spring at the south or head end of the ravine. Back of the stable this supply is further preserved by the aid of a large dam that forms a pond of sufficient size for boating on a small scale. Mr. Read is at present milking a large number of cows and sending the cream to the Moose Jaw Creamery. Having a separator on the place the labor of hauling the milk is reduced to a minimum and the best results obtained from the separated fluid, which passes directly from the separator into a pen to the calves.

Mr. Read is one of those large hearted, hail fellows well met; he and his wife make a couple that is a pleasure to visit. The entire surroundings indicate careful consideration of the smallest details and shows what may be accomplished by systematic energy.

Induction of Rev. W. L. King.

The induction of Rev. Wm. Leslie King into the pastorate of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Victoria, B.C., took place Thursday of last week in the church. The ceremony was conducted by the moderator, Mr. Macdonald, of Nanaimo, those present being Rev. Dr. Campbell, A. B. W. Macdonald, and Mr. Macdonald, of St. Paul's, Victoria West, clerk of the presbytery, and Mr. J. P. Bethune, clerk of the presbytery. The ceremony was held in the church, which was greatly decorated with flowers and boughs of laurel. The area of the church was well filled by members of the congregation, who listened patiently to the rather long services.

Labour Legislation.

The Commercial under the above heading publishes a sensible article, suggested by a discussion in the House of Commons last week. One Ontario member thought it was not advisable to encourage the further immigration of farm laborers, as in Ontario, he said, there was already a surplus. In reply to this two Western members—Messrs. Boyd and Macdonald—said that they (the farm laborers) could be sent to Manitoba, as there was need of them there. The Commercial questions the correctness of this advice, notwithstanding that it was given by western members. It says:—

"At the present time there is a surplus of farm and general laborers in Manitoba. The wages offered for farm help is very low, ten dollars a month being the rule, and up to fifteen dollars per month for first class men. At these wages plenty of men can be secured in Winnipeg in brief time. Of course there will be an increased demand for help a little later on, when harvest begins, but this will last only for a very brief season. Owing to the light growth of straw this year, harvest work will be lighter than usual, and we doubt if any considerable number of men, in addition to those now in the country, will be required even during the busy harvest season. Any additional help, if required for the harvest, will be supplied in the annual harvest exodus from the eastern provinces."

It would be better for our representatives at Ottawa if they would tell the plain truth in this matter, for they cannot be misinformed as to the actual facts.

This matter of advising promiscuous immigration is indulged in too freely by many who should know better. What we want in this country is not farm laborers or laborers of any kind. There is a surplus, we say now, of this class. What we want is agricultural settlers, who come prepared to locate on land, and make a living, for themselves from the soil. To this class of settlers this country offers splendid inducements. The supply of labor, except for a brief time during the harvest season in some years, is quite equal to the ordinary demand, and recently has been in excess of the demand. There are men now tramping through the country from farm to farm, endeavoring to obtain work, and many more about the towns and cities who would be willing to work on farms at very moderate wages. We submit these facts with all due deference to our representatives at Ottawa, with the remark that the truth will redound more to the benefit of the country than misrepresentation.

Queen vs. Smith.

The following is a police court report which was crowded out of our last issue:—

The following information was laid before Mr. Seymour (Judge) by Mr. Chas. Gray, That one J. W. Smith, of Moose Jaw, brakeman, on Thursday, 26th June, 1894, unlawfully and with a fraudulent intent did falsely pretend to J. G. Chalmers that the said J. W. Smith had money coming to him from the Canadian Pacific Railway, and would obtain said money in two or three days and requested the said J. G. Chalmers to furnish him with groceries and by means of a list and false pretences the said J. W. Smith did then unlawfully and fraudulently obtain from the said J. G. Chalmers to the amount of \$2.65. J. W. Smith was arrested near Regina by Corporal Grey who brought him to Moose Jaw on Monday morning, 2nd. He was remanded for trial on Tuesday before Messrs. Green and Annable and elected to be tried summarily under part 56 of the Code, and then pleaded "not guilty" to the charge. Mr. Nelson appeared for defendant who received another remand until Wednesday, 7th. On Wednesday before Messrs. Seymour Green and J. E. Annable, Mr. Nelson for accused and Corporal Marshall for prosecution, the trial proceeded, and Mr. Chalmers gave evidence corroborating the information. Time Richards being called did not appear whereupon the prosecution asked that Mr. Ferguson's evidence be received. Mr. Nelson objected on the ground that his evidence had nothing to do with the case in hand. The prosecution then asked leave to prove by Mr. Ferguson that the accused stated he had money in the pay car and wished to buy goods on the strength of that from Mr. Ferguson. Seymour then ruled such evidence was admissible as it was clearly bearing on the case in hand and in his opinion was laid down by Roscoe as admissible. J. E. Annable ruled it was not admissible so Mr. Ferguson's evidence was refused as in this case both magistrates had to agree.

Mr. Franks then gave evidence, after a long series of objections from W. J. Nelson, as to the accused having no money to the best of his knowledge and by the copies of the Pay Roll which he had, coming to him for June from the pay car and only seven cents for May.

W. J. Nelson then moved that the case be dismissed on the ground that the case was not proven and that information did not disclose an offence known to the Code. Seymour Green ruled that the Code Section 538 and others quoted by Judge Tupper were sufficient to sustain the information, and that the evidence was sufficient to put the accused upon his trial, therefore he should enter upon his defence.

J. E. Annable ruled that the evidence was not sufficient to put the accused upon his trial and that the case should be dismissed. As the magistrates could not agree the case was accordingly dismissed.

LIVERY, FEED

AND
SALE STABLES.

First-Class Livery Rigs.

Best accommodation for the travelling public.

Draying to all parts of the town.

Premises High Street.

William Walsh's Old Stand.

WILSON and McDONALD.

R. L. Slater,

Fashionable Tailor.

Full lines of all the

Latest Styles

WORSTEDS, TWEEDS,

SERGE, PANTINGS,

OVERCOATINGS,

Etc., Etc

Main Street. Moose Jaw.

When we assert that

Dodd's

Kidney Pills

Cure Backache, Dropsy,

Lumbago, Bright's Disease,

Rheumatism and all

other forms of Kidney

Troubles, we are backed

by the testimony of all

who have used them.

THEY CURE TO STAY CURED.

By all druggists unless receipt of price, 50 cents. Dr. L. A. Smith & Co., Toronto.

Notice is hereby given that on Thursday, 15th July, at two o'clock, p.m., the following horses will be offered for sale by Public Auction on the premises of the undersigned according to the provisions of the Ordinance respecting "The Hurdling of Animals."

One small pony about seven years old, dark bay, height of 15 1/2 hands high.

One small buckskin, more short mane and tail, four white feet, about seven years old, no trace.

H. L. FISH, Poundkeeper.

Moose Jaw, July 27th, 1894.

SHAVING

PARLOUR.

SHAVING

HAIR CUTTING,

SHAMPOOING.

H. W. CARTER.

Colgan & Bates

Livery, Feed and Sale Stables

RIVER STREET WEST.

Every Accommodation For the Travelling public.

First-Class Livery Rigs' Box Hire

WEIGH SCALES IN CONNECTION.

Ottawa Hotel.

Elaborately fitted up with latest improvements. Lighted throughout with electric light. Billiard hall and commercial rooms in connection. Every accommodation for the travelling public.

Choice Liquors and Cigars.

R. H. W. HOLT,

PROPRIETOR.

H. McDUGALL

DEALER IN

LUMBER

—AND—

BUILDING MATERIAL.

Cedar Posts.

for Fencing.

TRY—

The New Confectionery

—FOR—

Fruits,

Ice Cream

—AND—

all kinds of

soft drinks.

HARRY HEALEY.

IMPORTED HACKNEY

STALLION

No.

Moreland, 4,420.

IMPORTED MARCH, 1894.

MORELAND, 4409. Foaled 1890. Is a purebred Hackney and registered in the English Hackney Stud Book. Color bay with black points. Stands 15 hands 3 inches high and weighs 1,250 lbs. Is perfectly round, has fine symmetry and grand action. It will be seen by the pedigree, which can be obtained from the proprietor, that Moreland possesses the best and most fashionable blood in England, both on the sire and dam's side.

Moreland will stand for the service of mares for the season of 1894 at Wilson & McDonald's Livery and Feed Stables.

WM. WALSH, PROP.

Moose Jaw, Assa.

PRAIRIE FIRMS

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Council of the Moose Jaw Board of Trade, on account of prairie fires, occurring so frequently and attended with disastrous results, hereby request all parties who are cognizant of the origin of prairie fires to make a declaration before a Justice of the Peace setting forth the facts of the case fully, and that the J. P. make a return of such declaration to this Council.

By Order,
SEYMOUR GREEN, Sec'y.

McPATRICK & COOKSON

(Established 1860.)

McPATRICK & COOKSON

Advanced made on consignment of

WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY, ETC.

for sale in Manitoba by the various British

island.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC

AND
STOMACH AND LIVER CURE

The Wonderful HEALTH BUILDER & NERVE FOOD

Chronic Diseases are caused by Damaged Nerve Centres at base of the Spinal.



LATE discoveries have absolutely proven that the Stomach, Liver, Lungs, and indeed all internal organs, are controlled by the nerve centres at the base of the brain. The manufacturer of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC has studied this subject closely for more than twenty-five years, and has lately demonstrated that two-thirds of our Chronic Diseases, are due to the imperfect action of nerve centres, either within or at the base of the brain and not from a derangement of the organs themselves; hence that the ordinary methods of treatment are wrong.

As all know, a serious injury to the spinal cord, will at once cause Paralysis of the body below the injured part, it therefore will be equally well understood, how the derangements of the nerve centres, will cause the derangement of the different organs of the body which they supply with Nerve Fluid or Nerve Force.

The wonderful success of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC is due alone to the fact that it is based on the foregoing principle. The use of a single bottle of this remedy will convince the most incredulous. It is indeed, a veritable Nerve Food and will restore in One Day the varied forms of Nervous Disease and Stomach Troubles.

Nervous Diseases.

This class of diseases, is rapidly increasing each year, on account of the great wear our mode of living and labor imposes upon the nervous system. Nine-tenths of all the ailments to which the human family is heir, are dependent upon nervous exhaustion, impaired digestion, and a deteriorated and impoverished condition of the blood. The SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC is a great nerve food and nerve builder and this accounts for its marvellous power to cure the varied forms of nervous disease, such as Neuralgia, Nervousness, Nervous Prostration, St. Vitus's Dance, Nervous Choking, Nervous Paroxysms, Twitching of the Muscles, Hot Flashes, Mental Despondency, Forgetfulness, Sleeplessness, Restlessness, Nervousness of Females, Palpitation of the Heart, Sexual Weakness, etc., etc.

A SURE CURE FOR ST. VITUS'S DANCE.

My daughter, twelve years old, had been afflicted for several months with St. Vitus's Dance. She was reduced to a skeleton, could not walk, could not talk, could not swallow anything but milk; I had to handle her like an infant. Doctors and neighbors gave her up. I commenced giving her the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC, and the effects were very surprising. In three days she was rid of the nervousness, and rapidly improved. Four bottles cured her completely. I think the SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC the grandest remedy ever discovered, and would recommend it to everyone.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this May 19, 1897.

CHAS. M. TRAVIS, Notary Public.

A WONDERFUL CURE FOR

INDIGESTION and DYSPESIA.

Loss of Appetite, Weight and Tenderness in the Stomach, Sour Stomach, Pain in the Stomach, Wind upon the Stomach, Nausea and Sick Stomach, Sick-Headache, Hiccough, Water-Breath, Heartburn, Vertigo and Dizziness, Sleeplessness, Frightful Dreams, etc.

The Stomach suffers more than any of the other organs from disease, because into it are taken so many indigestible and irritating substances as articles of food. In its great effort to digest these, it soon becomes weakened and diseased. Under such circumstances, it is not wonderful, that so many complain of Indigestion and weak stomachs. When the Stomach fails to digest and assimilate the food, the whole body falls into a state of weakness and decay. For Nature has decreed that the body must constantly receive nutriment through the Stomach, to repair the waste of tissue constantly going on in the system.

Is probably the greatest remedy ever discovered for the cure of all Chronic Stomach troubles, because it acts through the nerve centres. It gives marked relief in one day, and very soon effects a permanent cure. The first bottle will convince anyone that this cure is certain.

WHAT EX-MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, REUBEN E. TRUAX, SAYS.

I have been for about ten years very much troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia, have tried a great many different kinds of patent medicines, and have been treated by a number of physicians and found no benefit from them. I was recommended to try SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC. I obtained a bottle, and I must say I have found very great relief, and have since taken two more bottles, and now feel that I am entirely free from indigestion, and would strongly recommend all my fellow sufferers from the disease, to give SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC an immediate trial.

It will cure you.

July 16th, 1893.

Walkerton, Ontario.

Price, One Dollar

in Bed Six Years

After ten years of suffering from indigestion and dyspepsia, I received a letter from you May 27th, stating that you had heard of my wonderful recovery from a spell of sickness of six years duration, through the use of SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC, and asking for my testimonials. I will gladly state how I was afflicted and how I was delivered from my pain and suffering. I was near thirty-five years old, when I took down with nervous prostration. Our family physician treated me, but without benefiting me in the least. My nervous system seemed to be entirely shattered, and I constantly had very severe shaking spells. In addition to this I would have vomiting spells, and then would be from eight to twenty days at a time that I could not retain anything on my stomach. Many consultations were held by physicians over my case, but they all agreed that I would never leave my bed. During the years I lay sick, my father had an eminent physician from Dayton, Ohio, and two from Columbus, Ohio, to come and examine me. They all said I could not live. I got to having spells like spasms, and would lie still and stiff for a time, and then I would feel as if my body could not move from my bed or walk a step, and had to be lifted like a child; all the time suffering intense pain, and taking almost every known medicine. Part of the time I would read a little, and one day saw an advertisement of your medicine and concluded to try one bottle. By the time I had taken one and one-half bottles, I could rise up and take a step or two by being helped, and after I had taken five bottles I felt as if I felt real well. The shaking went away gradually, and I could sit up and sleep good, and my friends could scarcely believe it was I. I can use this medicine in the future, in the world. It was a god-sent aid to me, and I believe it saved my life. I give my own testimonials, so that if anyone doubts my statement they can write me, or our publisher or any citizen, as all are acquainted with my case. I am now fifty-one years of age, and expect to live as long as the Lord has use for me and do all the good I can in helping the suffering.

With a remedy which has such a marvellous effect on the above case, you see?

A MINISTER OF THE GOSPEL SPEAKS.

DEAR SIR,—I have much pleasure in recommending the great SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC to all who are afflicted as I have been, with nervous prostration and indigestion. I found very great relief from the very first bottle, which was almost immediately followed by my recovery. I should like to see you to use it, who, I must say, was completely run down and was suffering very much from general debility. The grand great relief from SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC, and I can heartily recommend it to all fellow sufferers.

(My Signature),

W. S. BAKER.

Is dependent on, deranged nerve centres and indigestion. Hence its cure must come through building up the Nervous System and curing the Stomach. SOUTH AMERICAN NERVE TONIC, will absolutely cure this dreaded malady and prevent its return.

For Sale by

W. W. BOLE,

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

Save Your Crops FROM THE COPHERS. BOLE'S SOLUTION OF STRYCHNINE WILL DO IT. Sold from Winnipeg to the Rocky Mountains. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE. PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

After interviews with several of the proprietors of the paid-in-advance subscribers, I have concluded (for sake of my own interest) to modify my first announcement "that the business would start with a clean slate." Mr. Lang has allowed me to copy from his books the names of all paid-up subscribers, and on my books I have credited all such for the time they were entitled to receive THE TIMES from the former management.

I am at present issuing six hundred copies weekly. In compiling the list, it is more than probable that in some cases, names of two residents under one roof have been included. In such cases the simple remedy is to leave the superfluous paper in the post office. The same remedy is open to all who do not wish to be counted among the subscribers to THE TIMES.

WALTER SCOTT.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, JULY 13, 1894.

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

The proclamation calling a session of the Legislative Assembly has been issued. The date of meeting is Thursday, August 2nd.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Mr. L. E. Kerr is on a trip to the valley in search of horses.

W. D. Cowan, dentist, of Regina, spent Monday and Tuesday in town.

Mr. Alex Davidson has taken a car of hogs to New Westminster, B. C.

Mr. Wm. Walsh has returned from his horse ranch at Old Wives Creek.

Conductor Burton is off on a short holiday, taking in the races at Regina.

Mr. Frank Western, travelling auditor for the C. P. R., spent Wednesday in town.

Mr. J. S. McDonald, of the Moose Jaw despatcher's office, spent Sunday at Regina.

At the Moose Jaw Creamery there is received weekly about 1500 gallons of cream from Caron.

Mr. J. D. Pratt has arrived from Winnipeg to take a position in the office of Asst. Supt. Milestone.

Mrs. Stewart was a passenger on Monday morning's express from Regina to her home at Swift Current.

This extremely dry weather is hard on wagon wheels. Look well to your tires before going on the road.

Rev. J. H. Bartlett, rector of Regina, has resigned his charge of the parish, and will return to England in September.

Conductor Crawford, of Medicine Hat, passed through here on Wednesday night on his way to the Regina races.

Provincial elections in British Columbia were held on Saturday last when the Davie Government was sustained by a small majority.

Dr. Bell, N. W. M. P., came in from Wood Mountain on Tuesday, to meet Mrs. Bell who came from the east. They leave again for Wood Mountain to-day.

Miss Colpitts, cousin of Mr. Enoch Colpitts, arrived here last Thursday morning from Rat Portage, and will fill the position of organist in the Presbyterian Church.

A meeting of all interested in the formation of a brass band is hereby called for Wednesday evening next, 18th inst., at 8 o'clock at the council chamber. Half, boys!

Mr. L. B. King was in town last week on business. The crops in his neighborhood are standing the drought remarkably well, but they are sadly in need of rain just at present.

The Saskatoon correspondent of The Standard predicts better times for Moose Jaw from this forward. Thanks, Harry; we are pleased to know that you appreciate the better times.

"Here goes," wrote Neil McInnis, a Torontonian in St. Paul, and he swallowed a dose of iaudanum. But he went not, for he was found and the doctors pulled him together again.

A score of 60 to 53 runs was made at Fort Qu'Appelle in a baseball match played on Dominion Day—at least so says The Vidette. We should have considered two days none too long for such a match.

Miss Brown's millinery store will remain closed for the next two months. Miss Brown will spend the time which intervenes before fall opening at Moosomin, for which point she left on Monday night.

Mr. Thos. Healy's niece, Miss Harris, who has been a resident of Moose Jaw for the past fifteen months, left on Tuesday night for Pentton, Ont. She made many friends here, who sincerely regret her departure.

A new Atlantic cable has been successful stretched from the coast of Ireland to Newfoundland. Twenty days only was the time occupied in laying it, and in some places it is three and a half miles under water.

Rev. Mr. Auvauche, of Regina, preached the opening sermon at the Baptist convention which is in session this week at Winnipeg. Mr. D. Keys, of Moose Jaw, is a director on the executive board of the convention.

The whole extent of country between Caron and Swift Current and many miles in width has been swept by prairie fires within the past week. Settlers on the western limits of the Moose Jaw district have been obliged to fight the flames.

Exceptionally good shooting was the order of the evening at the last weekly shoot of the Moose Jaw Gun Club. Mr. Hitchcock retained the gold button with a score of nine out of ten, and he was closely followed by several scores of eight and seven.

Sir W. C. Van Horne, Sir Donald A. Smith and other C. P. R. magnates went west from Minot over the Great Northern a few days ago in company with President Hill, of the latter line. They will return by the Canadian line and inspect the repairs on the road in the mountains.

Inspector Calder came down from the west on Sunday, and has been spending the week with his Moose Jaw friends. Last night he went to Regina, from whence he will return to-morrow morning. On Sunday morning he leaves for Calgary, and will, at once begin his inspection of the rural schools of Alberta.

On Sunday Miss Hallie McKay, who has been spending a short time with her sister, Mrs. J. H. Ross, resumes her journey from Prince Edward Island to her home in East Kootenay, B. C. Miss McKay will be accompanied by Miss Pearl McNeil and Miss Mary Ross, Mrs. Ross' niece and daughter respectively.

At Westview, on Wednesday, 4th inst., Mr. B. J. Turner held a "breaking bee." About 20 acres were turned over. After the labor of the day was completed the boys present sought recreation in a baseball game, and the pleasant gathering later in the evening wound up the proceedings with an enjoyable dance at Mr. Gudmore's residence.

Mr. J. H. Ross, M.L.A., made a trip to Yellowknife, on the Pasqua branch, on Monday. He states that the long continued dry weather this season has entirely changed the face of the country out that way; that where in former years hay was plentiful now none can be obtained. Extensive prairie fires were burning south of the Moose Jaw creek.

The dining hall register for the week:—B Lindsay, Elwood, Oxbow; Chas Nicolle, Mapleford; J D Pratt, Winnipeg; Jao Damer, Toronto; C H McMillan, Victoria; A B Thomson, Geo Stott, W S Rough, Winnipeg; J A Calder, Calgary; Dr Bell, Wood Mountain; F Western, Calgary; S Hogan, Hamilton; D M Walsh, Brockville; Andrew Wilson, Winnipeg.

C. P. R. Station Agent Tom Batherford, late of Broadview, is at present visiting in Moose Jaw with his brother Mr. J. M. Batherford of the C. P. R. despatcher's office. He has just come down from Northwestern Manitoba and states that the prospects for a good harvest in that country are excellent. Though frozen down and hail-died down early in the season, under the revivifying influence of frequent showers and warm weather the crops "picked up" marvellously and the yield will be abundant. "Tom" was always a genial soul. He called on Tan Turner the first morning he was in town, and a pleasant hour was spent in talking up reminiscences of the early days when he held down a desk in the old office at Regina.

Mr. Wm. McLeod, of Regina, is at present in charge of the Buffalo Lake Presbyterian mission field.

Mr. W. T. Barrett, who for years ran out of Moose Jaw on the C. P. R. as mail clerk, is in town, having arrived this morning from Winnipeg.

Major and Mrs. Read, of the Salvation Army, Winnipeg, arrived in Moose Jaw this morning and will hold special meetings to-day, Saturday and Sunday. To-day (Friday) at 8 p.m. there is to be a hallelujah wedding—admission 25c. On Saturday a special War Cry demonstration takes place; at 7 a.m. on Sunday, knee drill; at 11 a.m. great holiness meeting; on Sunday afternoon Mrs. Read will deliver an address on Rescue Work. The business of the visit will be wound up on Sunday night.

The Industrial Exhibition to be held in Winnipeg commencing on the 23rd inst. and lasting till the 28th inst. promises to be a great success. The President, Mr. W. B. Scarr, and the directors are making every effort to secure special attractions, and no doubt the entries of live stock, manufactures, &c., will far exceed those of former years. We hope to see a large number of citizens take advantage of the cheap excursion to Winnipeg and attend the Industrial. The fare is very reasonable, being \$9.35 for the round trip.

"Tis sweet to court— But, oh, how bitter To court a girl! And then not get her!"

Rev. Father Fouillet, a Jesuit missionary from Shanghai, China, broke a journey across the continent by a day's rest in Moose Jaw on Tuesday. Father Fouillet is a Frenchman who left his native land three years ago to assist in evangelizing the heathen Chinese. The climate shattered his health and he is now on his way to Montreal seeking a restoration of that blessing. To a TIMES reporter the reverend father conversed affably, over a pipe, of the work of the Catholic and Protestant missionaries in China. The Jesuits have established a college five miles from Shanghai, where native students are instructed in mathematics, the natural sciences, philosophy and theology. Fifty native priests have been educated and ordained at this college, and are carrying on good work in the provinces of China. A meteorological station is established at the Shanghai college, and during the latter part of his residence there Father Fouillet had charge of it. The missionary stated that every day's advance into this country is increasing his astonishment at the magnitude and the varied natural features of Canada. He went east on Tuesday night and purposed spending a couple of weeks at St. Boniface before proceeding to Montreal.

Bohann Briefs. The weather still continues dry and the farmers are looking very anxiously, but we expect the picnic at Davin's Lake will bring rain, judging from the number of fair ones who are expected to attend.

Quite a number of the farmers have quit ploughing and gone to making hay.

Fires are raging on all sides of us but we think Bohann is safe owing to the burning last year.

The Rev. W. W. Abbott has been making his farewell call among some of our friends here.

Rev. Mr. Smith, the new minister, was in town to-day.

The section men have been burning fire quads west of here.

Mr. J. J. Porter has secured a job on the C.P.R. with the bridge gang. He has secured the services of Mr. Chas. Shipley for a short time to finish his plowing.

JOKE.

Wedding Bells.

Mr. John Robinson, a popular young fireman of the C. P. R., was married on Wednesday evening to Miss Maggie McDonald.

The wedding ceremony was performed by Rev. F. B. Stacey, at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. Robt. Brown. A large number of friends were invited and after doing justice to the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Brown, who provided a splendid lunch, the party walked the hours away with games and amusements.

The bride and groom were the recipients of many costly and beautiful presents from their many friends.

The Times joins in wishing a pleasant voyage on the matrimonial sea to Mr. and Mrs. Robinson.

Rev. Mr. Clay "Gowned"

On the evening of June 26th, Rev. W. L. Clay, the new pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Victoria, was tendered a public reception by the ladies of the congregation. He was presented by the ladies with a handsome pulpit gown and an address. Rev. D. Macrae robed Mr. Clay with the gown, and Mr. Clay in a few well chosen words thanked the ladies for the present and the kind words contained in the address. During the conversation that followed, Rev. Mr. Macrae, the interim moderator, was publicly thanked for the valuable services he had rendered the congregation of St. Andrew's church. Dr. LaBarry, of Calgary, made a few remarks thanking the ladies and friends for the kindness shown him and Dr. Jones, of Winnipeg, Dr. Bain, of Prince Albert, and W. C. Scott, of Winnipeg, during their stay in Victoria.

DEATH. ROBINSON—At Moose Jaw, on July 5 the wife of Wm. ROBINSON of Caron.

ROBINSON—McDonald—At Moose Jaw on July 5 by Rev. A. Stacey, John Robt. Scott and Maggie McDonald.

M. J. MacLEOD. SATISFACTION AND MONEY SAVING. Our great aim is to handle the best class of goods and be able to give our customers SATISFACTION, and as to money saving a look through our prices will soon convince you that good money can be saved by dealing with us. We are showing this week some big values in Boots and Shoes. In our large range of men's, boys' and children's clothing we can assure you that no one can touch us in prices. Our Men's Furnishings stock is complete. We have still left a big range in men's, boys' and children's felt and straw hats which we are clearing out at a big reduction. Highest prices paid for eggs. M. J. MacLEOD.

THE TWELFTH A GRAND DEMONSTRATION HELD AT LAKE DAVIN.

That Historic Site the Scene of Gay Doings and Pleasant Games—A Feast of Reason and a Flow of Soul.

The glorious Twelfth was right royally celebrated by the inhabitants of Moose Jaw and surrounding country. Although a holiday was not specifically proclaimed, a great number of our people assumed an aspect of holiday-making and flags were unfurled on many a flag-staff. About nine o'clock the Stoney Beach band arrived, on its way to the Caron picnic, and strains dear to the heart of every worshipping of "King Billy" resounded throughout the town.

The picnic at Caron or "Davin" lake on July 12th is now an established annual occurrence, and thither all true observers of the day betook themselves. The picnic was attended by a great concourse of people from far and near; a radius of 60 miles would scarcely cover the points from whence they came. In such force did the people from town attend; that by noon it was impossible to find a conveyance to hire, beg, borrow or steal.

The promoters of the picnic had gone to great pains in their arrangements for the demonstration. A "welcome" arch, originally erected over the trail leading to the grounds. A large booth covered with green branches was prepared—and was continuously used—for dancing. There were also swings and other picnic paraphernalia.

The first of the games was a baseball match between Marlboro and Caron. Great interest was evinced in the game which Caron won by a score of 32 to 10. Marlboro entirely lacked practice.

Then there was the return football match between Buffalo Lake and Moose Jaw. The latter had a much weaker team than the one which played in town on the 2nd; and the Buffalo Lake kickers had a walk-over, scoring three goals to nothing, in an hour's play.

The oratory for the occasion was in the hands of Revs. Stacey and Morrison, Messrs. Ross, Nelson and Watson. Rev. Mr. Stacey emphasized the point that the chief corner stone of Orangeism is the principle of liberty—not license;—the principle that man should do unto others as he would be done by; and he brought out clearly the fact that it is the non-observance of that principle that is the cause of the serious labor difficulties on the other side of the boundary to-day.

Rev. Mr. Morrison dwelt upon this thought, that in fighting for principle, being careful for others, is life; when a man, a society or a nation ceases to care for aught save selfish interests, the doom of that man, society or nation is sealed. Messrs. Watson and Ross spoke pleasantly. Mr. Nelson was the orator par excellence of the day; his fiery eloquence poured forth in the name of Grand Old British Liberty, and the auditors cheered. Only lack of space prevents us giving his effort verbatim.

The presence on the ground of the Stoney Beach band led by the veteran bandman Mr. G. M. Duan, added greatly to the enjoyment of the picnic. When the scribe left the grounds, the young people were arranging to have a dance in the evening at the Orange Hall, where undoubtedly a gay time would be spent.

Loyal Orange Lodge Star of the West No. 1899 met last night, satisfied with the success of its 1894 Twelfth of July demonstration.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the North West Territories at the next session thereof for an Ordinance to legislate a certain By-law of the Town of Moose Jaw being By-law Number 115 passed by the Mayor and Council of the Municipality of the Town of Moose Jaw for the purpose of raising by way of rate the sum of \$5,000.00 for public improvements as therein fully set forth.

Dated at Moose Jaw this 7th day of June, A. D. 1894.

WM. GRAYSON, Solicitor for the Applicants.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Fire Patrols Needed Now.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

DEAR SIR:—Farmers, ranchers and settlers in general are unanimous in soliciting protection from prairie fires. The sooner Commissioners Herchman places on duty the Mounted Police fire patrols at Buffalo Lake and Qu'Appelle Valley, and in fact at all possible points, the more secure will the settlers feel, and the less chance there will be for devastating fires to spread destruction throughout the country.

Yours truly, CHAS. NICOLLE. Moose Jaw, July 7th, 1894.

Important School Board Session.

On Wednesday the Moose Jaw School Board met and transacted momentous business. There were present Messrs. Baker, Bole, Ferguson, Gass and G. M. Amabile.

Messrs. Laycock and Lang, who examined the papers of the candidates for "High School Certificates"—Third Class Teachers' papers—reported that the four candidates who wrote here had failed to pass the examination.

The estimates for 1895 were considered and adopted as follows:—Debtors account \$840; principal \$1,200; 2nd teacher \$720; 3rd and 4th teachers \$600 each; janitor \$250; sec. teacher \$100; coal \$350; kalsomining \$50; water \$20; printing and stationery \$10; library \$50; incidentals \$100.00.

The secretary was instructed to communicate to the Town Council that the amount of \$3,400 will be required to be raised by taxation for the maintenance of schools in 1895. This sum is \$400 in excess of that asked for last year.

As, however, the Board, seems desirous of practicing economy, and the additional sum if not expended will remain in the hands of the Council, there is no ground for alarm on this score. It was the decision of the Trustees to effect a saving in the matter of principal's salary; a motion carried to offer the principalship to Mr. A. M. Fenwick, of Battleford, at a salary of \$1,000.00, and among the many applications, Messrs. Neil, McDougall, of Petrolia, Ont., and S. C. Lee, of Toronto, were selected as second and third class choices respectively.

AFTER THIRTY YEARS.

Allan Stewart, of Springfield, suffered all this time—At last. Confined to Bed—Story of His Happy Release from Pain.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I., July 9.—Allan Stewart, of Springfield, near here, says that Dodd's Kidney Pills saved his life, and he wants the fact to be known. For thirty years he has had kidney disease and gravel. Hundreds of dollars spent on doctors and medicine failed to do any good. On July 14th last, Mr. Stewart had to take to his bed, and everyone considered his case a hopeless one. He heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills and began using them. He says he noticed an improvement from the first, and ten boxes cured him. He is now free from all pain and enjoys excellent health.

Servant Girl Wanted.

WANTED at once a servant girl. Apply to Mrs. E. J. McFARLAND, Moose Jaw.

NOTICE.

I am requested to call a meeting of the stock owners of the district to be held in the Town Hall, Moose Jaw, on Saturday July 14th at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of constituting a Stock Association.

J. E. ANKRALE. Moose Jaw, July 4, 1894.

HUGH FERGUSON Wholesale and Retail BUTCHER.

Fresh meats of all kinds constantly on hand.

FISH AND POULTRY.

Main Street Moose Jaw

THE GREAT PARLOR. The undersigned, in accordance with the last year's contract, has been engaged to furnish the first class furnished rooms to rest. Mrs. D. McMoray, American Hotel.

R. E. Doran, Manufacturer of Hand made Harness, Saddles and Saddles.

Buy your Hobbles here; the best is the cheapest.

All Goods Sold for CASH ONLY.

R. E. DORAN.

HITCHCOCK & McCULLOCH.

BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.

MOOSE JAW.

Agents.—Bank of Montreal.

HEALEY'S

Having purchased the Stock of R. C. McDonald and enlarged my premises, I have now the largest Stock of

FRUITS AND CONFECTIONERY

ever opened in Moose Jaw.

Prices away down. Terms Cash.

THOS. HEALEY'S Confectionery Store.

Main Street, Moose Jaw

James Brass.

BRICK MANUFACTURER.

Makes the only Red Brick in the Territories.

Manitola Street, Moose Jaw

BULL FOR SERVICE.

That thoroughbred Durham bull "Rang Cr." 1893 (Dunlop's Short Horn Book) Year 200.

FRED W. GREEN. 501 See 32-10-01.

FOUND NOTICE.

Accompanied on Dec. 28, 1893, by 25 West of Moose Jaw, one small grey about 18 months old, cropped tail, branded on right hip. One small black and white about 18 months old, cropped tail, about 18 months old, no brand.

Take notice that unless the above stock are claimed within twenty days after date they will be sold by public auction according to law.

H. I. FISH, Poundkeeper. Moose Jaw, July 10th, 1894.